RECLAMATION Managing Water in the West

San Diego Basin Study Public Meeting

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U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation

Agenda

- 1. Welcome & Introductions
- 2. Overview of the Basin Study and its current status
 - 1. Present baseline impacts identified in Task 2.3
 - 2. Overview of Task 2.4 Portfolios to be used in the study
- 3. Overview Trade-Off Analysis for Task 2.5
- 4. Discussion: Evaluation Objectives for Trade-Off Analysis
- 5. Next steps and study schedule
- 6. Closing remarks & public comment

What is the San Diego Basin Study?

Purpose:

Identify approaches to bridge current and future water supply gaps

Complement existing planning efforts

Objectives:

- Evaluate water supply and demand conditions under future demands and climate change conditions
- Identify potential changes to existing facilities or operations or development of new facilities that can alleviate the impacts of increasing demands and climate change.
 Develop portfolios of concepts.

San Diego Watershed Basin Study

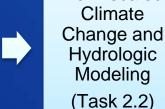
What is the San Diego Basin Study



Study area = the SD IRWM planning region.

San Diego Basin Study Tasks & Status

Water Supply and Water Demand Projections (Task 2.1)



Downscaled

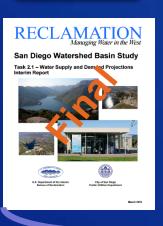
Existing
Structural
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Analysis (Task
2.3)

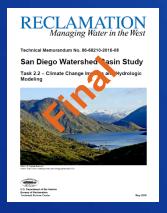


Structural and Operations Concepts (Task 2.4)



(Task 2.5)







Task 2.4



Task 2.5

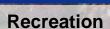
Summary Report (Task 2.6)



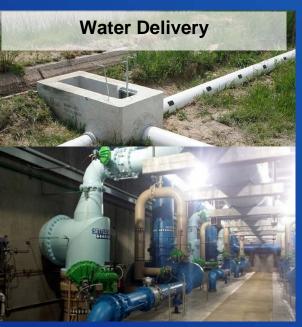
Impacts examined in the San Diego Basin Study

Flood Control











Environmental



- Habitat
- Endangered Species
- Water Quality
- Ecological Resiliency

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Baseline Impacts Identified Task 2.3

- Water Supply/Demand/Delivery:
 - Baseline water deliveries increase to meet demands
 - Reliance on imported water increases while other sources remain constant
 - Shortages occur more often and are larger with future demands. Climate change exacerbates shortages.
 - Conveyance system limitations may contribute to shortages
- Recreation: Boat ramps typically remain accessible but may sometimes be inaccessible at some reservoirs
- **Energy:** Net energy consumption increases with increased deliveries despite moderate generation increases
- Flood: Number and volume of spills (not for water supply) decreases
- Environmental: Impact area not modeled in 2.3

Task 2.4 Portfolios: Adaptation Concepts and Associated Projects

Goal of Task 2.4

Develop Portfolios

Identify and analyze structural and non-structural (e.g. operational) concepts that can alleviate the impacts of increasing demands and climate change. Develop portfolios of concepts.

Approach for Task 2.4

- 1. Develop portfolios that can alleviate the impacts of increasing demands and climate change
- 2. Incorporate: Determine how each portfolio will be incorporated into the CWASim model
- 3. Run the CWASim model with the portfolios for a range of climate and demand scenarios
- 4. Analyze the performance of each portfolio for climate change scenarios

Final Study Portfolios

Baseline

Adaptation projects and concepts accepted as verifiable for the 2015 UWMP

Baseline +

Adaptation projects considered verifiable since Baseline began or have begun to be implemented since Baseline

Increase Supplies

Not designated as verifiable projects yet, but close.

Optimize Existing Infrastructure

Projects that focus on increasing regional water supplies.

Demand Management/ Enhanced Conservation

Projects that seek to reduce demand management through enhanced conservation.

Environmental/Healthy Watersheds

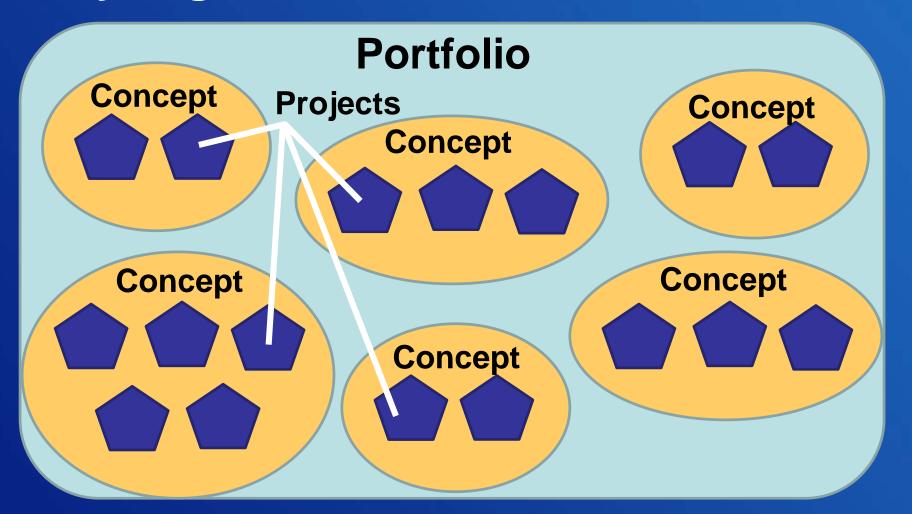
Projects that restore or create habitat.

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What are Adaptation Concepts and why organize them into Portfolios?



Portfolios Structure

Portfolios

(Baseline, Baseline +, Conceptual – Increase Supplies, Optimize Existing Infrastructure, Demand Management/Enhanced Conservation, Environmental)

Adaptation Concepts

Groundwater, Potable Reuse, Recycled Water, Gray Water Use, Stormwater Capture, Desalination, Ecosystem Restoration, Imported Water Purchases, etc.

Specific Projects

(Pure Water San Diego, San Luis Rey WRF - Short/Long-Term Expansion, etc.)

Example of Projects Associated with Adaptation Concepts?

Ecosystem Restoration

Potable Reuse

Seawater Desalination

Groundwater



Hodges Reservoir Natural Treatment System

Sweetwater Reservoir Wetlands Habitat Recovery...



Pure Water San Diego Phase 1-North City

East County Advanced Water Purification Program Phases 1 & 2...



Re-rating of Carlsbad Desalination for higher flow

Groundwater Production Well 101

National City Well Field

R. Reynolds Desalination Facility...

Example Projects

(see supplementary materials)

Baseline

- Carlsbad Desalination Plant
- Connection #1-North City Water Reclamation Plant
- Conservation from 2015 UWMP

Baseline +

- Pure Water Phase I
- Nutrient Management in Santa Margarita River Watershed
- Sweetwater Reservoir Wetlands
 Habitat Recovery
- Regional Drought Resilience Program

Increase Supplies

Re-rating of Carlsbad Desalination for higher flow Rosarito Beach Desalination

Pure Water Phase 2

Optimize Existing Infrastructure

- Otay to Alvarado Conveyance
- SD County Reservoir Intertie

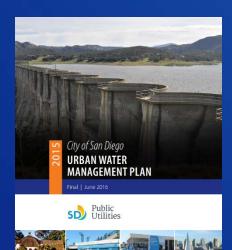
Demand Management/ Enhanced Conservation

Conservation above Baseline.

Environmental/Healthy Watersheds

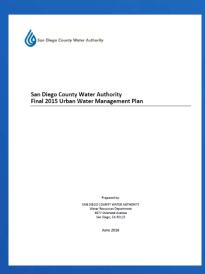
- Low Impact Development Urban Runoff Control Projects for the Tijuana Estuary
- Safari Park Storm Water Capture and Reuse Project

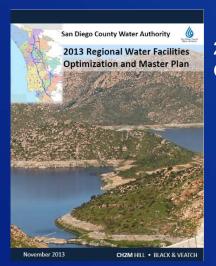
Recent Planning Documents Used



2015 City of San Diego Urban Water **Management Plan**

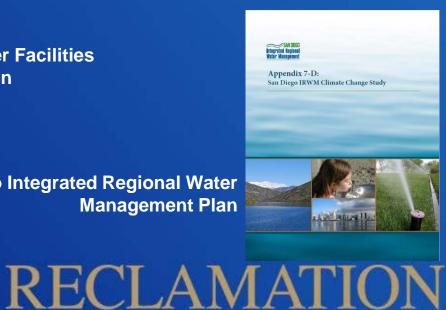
> **2015 SDCWA Urban Water Management** Plan





2013 SDCWA Regional Water Facilities Optimization and Master Plan

> 2013 San Diego Integrated Regional Water **Management Plan**



Task 2.5 Trade-Off Analysis

Goal of Task 2.5

Evaluate the trade-offs between the portfolios developed in Task 2.4.

- Includes a well-defined no action alternative
 - Accounts for costs of any actions/programs/unmet demands that reasonably would be expected.
 - No action alternative serves as the baseline for estimating benefits, costs, and regional impacts.

Approach for Task 2.5

- 1. Analyze the portfolios developed during Task 2.4.
- 2. Conduct Trade-Off Analysis of the Portfolios, using the Evaluation Objectives.
- 3. Interpret results of Trade-Off Analysis to compare Portfolios.

Evaluation Process for Trade-Off Analysis

Need public stakeholder feedback on the trade-off analysis utilized for the study (Task 2.5)

- What Evaluation Objectives should be used?
 - To do: Review list of Evaluation Objectives and associated Performance Measures.

Draft Evaluation Objectives

(See supplementary materials)

- Provide Reliability & Robustness
- Manage Cost and Provide Affordability
- Provide for Scalability of Implementation
- Optimize Local Control/Independence
- Protect Quality of Life
- Regional Economic Impact
- Protect Habitats, Wildlife & Ecosystem Services
- Reduce Carbon Footprint

**Evaluation Objectives have associated Performance Measures that are used in the Portfolio evaluation process.

Trade-Off Analysis

Quantitative and qualitative benefits

- There are alternatives/portfolios/projects that generate benefits and provide outputs that cannot be easily quantified (e.g. habitat improvement or quality of life).
- These non-quantifiable benefits need to be combined with traditional economic analysis to evaluate multiple benefits for several alternatives.
- Trade-off analysis can accommodate both quantifiable and non-quantifiable benefits and costs.

Trade-Off Analysis

- Simple definition of a trade-off is giving up one thing to get another
 - (ex. Flood control vs. hydropower; water withdrawals for supply vs. in-stream biota)
- Value trade-offs
 - Comparing alternatives requires decision makers to place values/weights on the output associated with different alternatives. Derivation of these values/weights must be transparent.
- Need for trade-off analysis
 - Need to account for benefits and costs that can and cannot be monetized/quantified.
 - Trade-off analysis can accommodate both.

Trade-Off Analysis

- Need to have explicit objectives/quantifiable characteristics – Topic of Discussion Today
- Need clear definition of alternatives to be considered and outputs of alternatives – Defined "no action" alternative
- Need formulation of criteria by which to evaluate the alternatives
- Need relative importance of criteria (weighting) for comparing alternatives

Trade-off Analysis Example

- Four hypothetical alternatives (or portfolios)
- Three hypothetical rating criteria (or objectives)

Portfolio	Objective 1:	Objective 2:	Objective 3:
	Water Supply	Project	Wetland
	Benefits	Costs	Acres
1 2 3 4	\$200,000 \$250,000	\$16.0 million \$19.5 million \$13.5 million \$17.0 million	+400 +350 +300 +600

- Compare portfolios with normalized values
 - Method: normalize according to the maximum value for beneficial objectives and the minimum value for negative effects
 - Note: Units of measure cancel out so results are a unitless comparison of effects on objectives

Portfolio	Objective 1: Water Supply Benefits	Objective 2: Project Costs	Objective 3: Wetland Acres
1	(\$500,000 ÷ \$500,000)	(\$13.5 ÷ \$16.0)	(400 ac ÷ 600 ac)
2	(\$200,000 ÷ \$500,000)	(\$13.5 ÷ \$19.5)	(350 ac ÷ 600 ac)
3	(\$250,000 ÷ \$500,000)	(\$13.5 ÷ \$13.5)	(300 ac ÷ 600 ac)
4	(\$300,000 ÷ \$500,000)	(\$13.5 ÷ \$17.0)	(600 ac ÷ 600 ac)

- The normalized values can be used to compare portfolios by individual objectives.
 - e.g. Portfolio 1 is twice as good as portfolio 3 in providing the objective of water supply benefits

Portfolio	Objective 1. Water Supply Benefits	Objective 2. Project Costs	Objective 3. Wetland Acres
1	1.00	0.84	0.67
2	0.40	0.69	0.58
3	0.50	1.00	0.50
4	0.60	0.79	1.00

Next Step: Develop method to compare portfolios considering all objectives

Are all the objectives equally important?

- Yes → If it is assumed that all objectives are equally important, can simply calculate the average of all objectives for each portfolio.
 - For example, for portfolio 1 the overall normalized score would be $(1 + 0.84 + 0.67) \div 3 = .837$
- No → It is unlikely that each objective is equally important.
 - Comparisons may be made by developing a single score to compare Portfolios in their ability to achieve multiple Objectives.
 - Need to establish the relative importance of objectives.
 This should reflect preferences of the affected population.

- Establishing the relative importance of objectives
 - Possible sources of information for estimating preferences
 - Previous studies
 - Surveying the affected population
 - Asking representatives of affected groups
 - Other
- An index for the relative importance of objectives or "weighted scores"
 - Can ask for importance of individual objectives based on a scale (e.g. 1 to 10)

- Develop weights of importance (scale of 1 to 10) for the different objectives:
 - Water Supply Benefits = 10
 - Project Costs = 4
 - Wetland Acres = 6

Portfolio	Objective 1. Water Supply Benefits	Objective 2. Project Costs	Objective 3. Wetland Acres
1	1.00	0.84	0.67
2	0.40	0.69	0.58
3	0.50	1.00	0.50
4	0.60	0.79	1.00

Combining Criteria and Weights

- Portfolio 1 =
$$(1*10)$$
 + $(0.84*4)$ + $(0.67*6)$ = 17.38

- Portfolio 2 =
$$(0.4*10)$$
 + $(0.69*4)$ + $(0.58*6)$ = 10.24

- Portfolio 3 =
$$(0.5*10)$$
 + $(1*4)$ + $(0.5*6)$ = 12.00

- Portfolio
$$4 = (0.6*10) + (0.79*4) + (1*6) = 15.16$$

Today's Topic of Discussion:

Review Evaluation Process for Trade-Off Analysis

Evaluation Objectives & Performance Measures

Evaluation Process Steps

Summary:

- 1. Develop Evaluation Objectives (today)
- 2. Develop weighted scores/rank for objectives (future)
- 3. Complete Trade-Off Analysis (Task 2.5)

Discussion Goal:Develop Evaluation Criteria

Summary:

- What Evaluation Objectives should be used as criteria to evaluate Portfolios?
- What Performance Measures are relevant for each Objective?
- To Do: Review list of Evaluation Objectives and associated Performance Measures

Discussion:Develop Evaluation Criteria

Discussion Questions:

- 1. Is the current list of Objectives comprehensive?
 Anything missing?
- 2. Is the current list of performance measures comprehensive? What performance measures should be considered? Should any performance measures be pulled out as objectives?

Outcome: Revised list of Objectives and associated Performance Measures

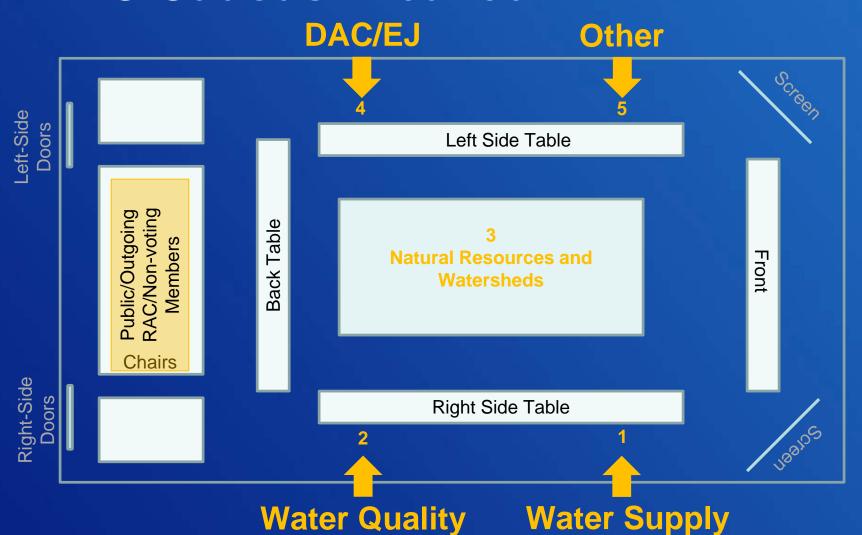
Resources: Supplementary Materials

Evaluation Objectives

(See supplementary materials)

- Provide Reliability & Robustness
- Manage Cost and Provide Affordability
- Provide for Scalability of Implementation
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- Protect Quality of Life
- Regional Economic Impact
- Protect Habitats, Wildlife & Ecosystem Services
- Reduce Carbon Footprint

RAC Caucus Breakout



Discussion:Develop Evaluation Criteria

Discussion Questions:

- 1. Is the current list of Objectives comprehensive? Anything missing?
- 2. Is the current list of performance measures comprehensive? What performance measures should be considered? Should any performance measures be pulled out as objectives?

Outcome: Revised list of Objectives and associated Performance Measures

Resources: Supplementary Materials

Wrap-up and Next Steps

San Diego Basin Study Tasks & Status

Water Supply and Water Demand Projections (Task 2.1)



Downscaled Climate Change and Hydrologic Modeling (Task 2.2)

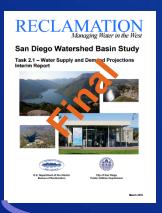


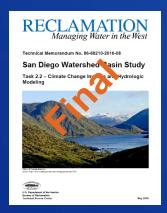
Existing
Structural
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2.3)



Structural and Operations Concepts (Task 2.4)











Task 2.5



Summary Report (Task 2.6)

Next Steps

- Task 2.3 Interim Report Finalized August 2017
- Basin Study Public Meeting August 2, 2017
- Technical Team work on Task 2.4 Summer 2017
- Presentation of Task 2.4 Results Fall 2017
- Technical Team work on Task 2.5 Fall 2017
- Presentation of Task 2.5 Results Winter 2017
- Summary Report April 2018

Questions?

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